§ 303.200

(iii) The date of each payment.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820–0550)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1443(b))

Subpart C—Procedures for Making Grants to States

§ 303.200 Formula for State allocations.

- (a) For each fiscal year, from the aggregate amount of funds available under this part for distribution to the States, the Secretary allots to each State an amount that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount as the number of infants and toddlers in the State bears to the number of infants and toddlers in all States.
- (b) For the purpose of allotting funds to the States under paragraph (a) of this section—
- (1) Aggregate amount means the amount available for distribution to the States after the Secretary determines the amount of payments to be made to the Secretary of the Interior under § 303.203 and to the jurisdictions under § 303.204;
- (2) Infants and toddlers means children from birth through age two in the general population, based on the most recent satisfactory data as determined by the Secretary; and
- (3) State means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1443(c))

$\S\,303.201$ Distribution of allotments from non-participating States.

If a State elects not to receive its allotment, the Secretary reallots those funds among the remaining States, in accordance with §303.200(a).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1443(d))

§ 303.202 Minimum grant that a State may receive.

No State receives less than 0.5 percent of the aggregate amount available under § 303.200 or \$500,000, whichever is greater.

(Authority: 20~U.S.C.~1443(c)(2))

§ 303.203 Payments to the Secretary of the Interior.

The amount of the payment to the Secretary of the Interior under §303.180 for any fiscal year is 1.25 percent of the aggregate amount available to States after the Secretary determines the amount of payments to be made to the jurisdictions under §303.204.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1443(b))

$\S 303.204$ Payments to the jurisdictions.

- (a) From the sums appropriated to carry out this part for any fiscal year, the Secretary may reserve up to 1 percent for payments to the jurisdictions listed in §303.2 in accordance with their respective needs.
- (b) The provisions of Pub. L. 95–134, permitting the consolidation of grants to the outlying areas, do not apply to funds provided under paragraph (a) of this section.

 $(Authority \hbox{: } 20 \hbox{ U.S.C. } 1443(a))$

[58 FR 40959, July 30, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 18295, Apr. 14, 1998]

Subpart D—Program and Service Components of a Statewide System of Early Intervention Services

GENERAL

§ 303.300 State eligibility criteria and procedures.

Each statewide system of early intervention services must include the eligibility criteria and procedures, consistent with §303.16, that will be used by the State in carrying out programs under this part.

- (a) The State shall define developmental delay by—
- (1) Describing, for each of the areas listed in §303.16(a)(1), the procedures, including the use of informed clinical opinion, that will be used to measure a child's development; and
- (2) Stating the levels of functioning or other criteria that constitute a developmental delay in each of those areas.
- (b) The State shall describe the criteria and procedures, including the use of informed clinical opinion, that will

be used to determine the existence of a condition that has a high probability of resulting in developmental delay under \$303.16(a)(2).

(c) If the State elects to include in its system children who are at risk under §303.16(b), the State shall describe the criteria and procedures, including the use of informed clinical opinion, that will be used to identify those children.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(5), 1435(a)(1))

Note: Under this section and §303.322(c)(2), States are required to ensure that informed clinical opinion is used in determining a child's eligibility under this part. Informed clinical opinion is especially important if there are no standardized measures, or if the standardized procedures are not appropriate for a given age or developmental area. If a given standardized procedure is considered to be appropriate, a State's criteria could include percentiles or percentages of levels of functioning on standardized measures.

§ 303.301 Central directory.

- (a) Each system must include a central directory of information about—
- (1) Public and private early intervention services, resources, and experts available in the State;
- (2) Research and demonstration projects being conducted in the State; and
- (3) Professional and other groups that provide assistance to children eligible under this part and their families.
- (b) The information required in paragraph (a) of this section must be in sufficient detail to—
- (1) Ensure that the general public will be able to determine the nature and scope of the services and assistance available from each of the sources listed in the directory; and
- (2) Enable the parent of a child eligible under this part to contact, by telephone or letter, any of the sources listed in the directory.
 - (c) The central directory must be—
 - (1) Updated at least annually; and
 - (2) Accessible to the general public.
- (d) To meet the requirements in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the lead agency shall arrange for copies of the directory to be available—
- (1) In each geographic region of the State, including rural areas; and

(2) In places and a manner that ensure accessibility by persons with disabilities.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(7))

NOTE: Examples of appropriate groups that provide assistance to eligible children and their families include parent support groups and advocate associations.

IDENTIFICATION AND EVALUATION

§ 303.320 Public awareness program.

Each system must include a public awareness program that focuses on the early identification of children who are eligible to receive early intervention services under this part and includes the preparation and dissemination by the lead agency to all primary referral sources, especially hospitals and physicians, of materials for parents on the availability of early intervention services. The public awareness program must provide for informing the public about—

- (a) The State's early intervention program;
- (b) The child find system, including—
- (1) The purpose and scope of the system;
- (2) How to make referrals; and
- (3) How to gain access to a comprehensive, multidisciplinary evaluation and other early intervention services; and
- (c) The central directory.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(6))

NOTE 1: An effective public awareness program is one that does the following:

- 1. Provides a continuous, ongoing effort that is in effect throughout the State, including rural areas;
- 2. Provides for the involvement of, and communication with, major organizations throughout the State that have a direct interest in this part, including public agencies at the State and local level, private providers, professional associations, parent groups, advocate associations, and other organizations;
- 3. Has coverage broad enough to reach the general public, including those who have disabilities; and
- 4. Includes a variety of methods for informing the public about the provisions of this part.